VZCZCXYZ0002 PP RUEHWEB

DE RUEHMO #2543/01 2810647
ZNR UUUUU ZZH (CCY ADC00433 MSI0671-695)
P 080647Z OCT 09
FM AMEMBASSY MOSCOW
TO RUEHRC/USDA FAS WASHDC PRIORITY
RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 5030
INFO RUEHVI/AMEMBASSY VIENNA 4774
RUEHBS/USEU BRUSSELS
RUEHGV/USMISSION GENEVA 5386

UNCLAS MOSCOW 002543

SENSITIVE
SIPDIS
C O R R E C T E D COPY CAPTION
USDA FAS FOR OCRA/RIKER; ONA/TING,
- OSTA/BEAN, HAXTON
PASS FSIS/JONES, DUTROW
STATE FOR EUR/RUS
STATE PASS USTR FOR MURPHY, CHATTIN, HAFNER
VIENNA FOR APHIS
BRUSSELS PASS APHIS/FERNANDEZ
GENEVA FOR USTR

E.O. 12958: N/A

TAGS: EAGR ETRD ECON RS

SUBJECT: PUTIN CALLS FOR INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS TO

REPLACE RESTRICTIVE SPS TRADE MEASURES

REF: A) Moscow 001556 B) Moscow 001206 C) Moscow 001187 D) Moscow 1150

11. (U) SUMMARY: Prime Minister Vladimir Putin issued Resolution #761, which calls for Russian restrictive, non-science-based

which calls for Russian restrictive, non-science-based sanitary/phytosanitary

(SPS) measures to be harmonized with international norms. However, the

details of Resolution #716's implementation remain unclear as officials in

the Ministry of Health and Social Development (MinHealth) and Ministry of

Agriculture (MinAg) await more specific orders and certain GOR Commissions are already in the midst of resetting such overarching SPS

policy. END SUMMARY.

 $\underline{\mathbb{1}}2$. (U) Resolution #761 calls for harmonizing Russian sanitary and epidemiological requirements, veterinary, sanitary and phytosanitary

measures with international standards where Russian standards are more

restrictive and are not science-based. According to the Resolution,

 ${\tt MinHealth}$ and ${\tt MinAg}$ should establish procedures to compare Russian and

international standards before 2010. The evaluation will take into

consideration the requests of interested entities, including foreign

governments. At this time, it is not clear if requests responding to

Resolution #761 are currently being accepted or what deadline would be set

for the implementation of international standards. Instead, Resolution #761

appears only to oblige the respective Ministries to set a roadmap for

comparison of standards by January 1, 2010, while the actual comparison of $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

standards and eventual adoption of international norms would likely take

place sometime thereafter.

¶3. (U) Resolution #761 is online at
An unofficial embassy

translation of Resolution #761 follows.

BEGIN TEXT:

Resolution of September 28, 2009, #761 "On ensuring harmonization of

Russian sanitary-epidemological requirements, veterinary-sanitary and

phytosanitary measures with international standards".

With the purpose of improvement of the system of legal regulation in the

area of protection of life and health of humans, animals and plants, further

harmonization with international standards of sanitary and epidemiological

requirements, veterinary, sanitary and phytosanitary measures in force in

Russia with international standards, the Government of the Russian Federation stipulates:

Determine that legal acts, establishing sanitary-epidemiological requirements, veterinary-sanitary and phytosanitary measures are subject to

expertise for their compliance with the standards, recommendations and

other documents of international organizations, including the World $\mbox{\sc Health}$

Organization, Codex Alimentarius Commission, World Organization for

Animal Health (OIE), and corresponding international and regional

organizations, which are acting within the framework of the $\operatorname{International}$

Plant Protection Convention (hereafter referred to as expert evaluation and

international standards)

Legal acts establishing sanitary and epidemiological requirements, veterinary, sanitary and phytosanitary measures, which, as a result of the

expert evaluation have restrictive character compared to international

standards, without scientific basis of such restriction or risk level for life or

health of humans, animals and plants, are subject to be brought in compliance with international standards.

The Ministry of Health and Social Development of the Russian Federation $\$

and the Ministry of Agriculture of the Russian Federation shall:

--within 3 months from the effective date of this Resolution develop and ${\color{black}}$

approve the order of carrying out an expert evaluation within their

competence;

--ensure the carrying out of the expert evaluation is on the basis of written ${\color{black}}$

requests from interested entities, including the governments of foreign $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

countries, with their possible participation in its implementation or upon

their initiative. Within 30 days from the receipt of a written request, the

corresponding federal executive entity shall acknowledge the receipt of the

request to the requesting party.

The present Resolution becomes effective of the date of its official publication.

Chairman of the Government of the Russian Federation

END TEXT.

14. (U) Mid-management authorities in the MinAg and MinHealth did not appear fully aware of what changes Resolution #716 would bring when

Agricultural Specialists contacted them Friday, October 2. The MinAg

officials were unaware of the Resolution's existence but insisted that

Minister Skrynnik will likely appoint the Russian Federal Veterinary and

Phytosanitary Surveillance Service (VPSS) as the MinAg point of contact.

The MinHealth officials were aware of the Resolution but insisted that no

changes were likely to result from it unless additional budget allocations

were made to MinHealth for such a special review. Instead, MinHealth

officials insisted they already accept applications from the scientific $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +\left($

community and interested industries to establish such norms addressed in $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +\left$

Resolution #761 via the Commission for the Development of Federal Sanitary-epidemiological Norms, located within MinHealth.

 $\P5$. (U) Meanwhile, the Interagency Expert Commission, led by the MinAg

and including the MinHealth, is currently considering a draft Federal Law

regarding the Special Technical Regulation "On the Requirements for

Poultry, Poultry Meat, Processed Poultry Products, their Production Process,

and Handling." The USG, U.S. industry, and Russian industry have argued

against measures contained within this draft document since the $\operatorname{current}$

version would actually increase restrictions on trade and local production $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right)$

practices rather than standardize them with international norms and current

production practices in both Russia and the United States. We know that the

Russian National Meat Association has formally objected to the draft

Federal Law, pointing out that these are contrary to scientific, international

norms and are in many cases not realistic for Russian producers. The draft

Federal Law is online at .

 $\underline{\ }$ 6. (SBU) On September 29, MinAg specifically called upon the Russian

poultry and meat associations and select companies to provide $\operatorname{comments}$ on

specific points of tension within the draft Federal Law, including those

points related to proposed bans on chlorine-treated poultry, restrictions on

water content, and restrictions on using frozen poultry for processing. One

recipient of this letter was U.S. joint-venture Eleanor Broiler.

16. (SBU) Comment: We like the message Putin sent with Resolution #761;

however, we are concerned if these comments will truly transcend into real

policy change. Such movement to adopt international standards on SPS

issues would move Russia closer to WTO accession as well as deliver ${\tt a}$

much more favorable, predictable, and science-based trading environment

for U.S. meat and poultry products. The immediate benefits to current trade could include the successful conclusion of several U.S.-friendly veterinary certificates, including pork; the elimination of current and future trade restrictions related to A/H1N1; a significant reduction in the number of banned U.S. meat and poultry facilities; and the dismissal of the chlorine ban which is set to become effective January 1, 2010. However, we are concerned Russia will likely hide behind caveats and creative interpretation to maintain many of these restrictive SPS trade policy measures. As a result, we expect Resolution #761 will only provide a political cover to finally dismiss both trade linkages to A/H1N1 and the threatened chlorine which would otherwise stop all U.S. poultry trade on January 1, <u>¶</u>2010.

BEYRLE